





Dreams (FIDAN, 8 years old, Azerbaijan)

/ from the series: *Conversations: Hula Hoops, Elastics, Marbles and Sand* (2016) carbon paper and colored pencils on canvas paper, 222 x 92 cm

Conversations: Hula Hoops, Elastics, Marbles and Sand (2013 - ongoing)

Conversations: Hula Hoops, Elastics, Marbles and Sand are a series of site-specific installations based on research and interviews with children in different countries (from 2013-present: Russia, Serbia, Azerbaijan Iran, Austria, Israel; planned productions in the near future include: Albania, Indonesia. The children, locals from each location, range from 7-11 years old and come from different ethnic, social and cultural backgrounds. Each installation is made in relation to the local site and based on specific and often universal children's games which are accompanied by a sound piece emitted from 6 – 7 speakers (each speaker for the voice of one child). The children, interviewed individually, are then put into conversation with one another through the editing process, reacting within the installation to one another's stances on political issues such as social exclusion and inclusion, foreigners, language, colonization, war, money, poverty, etc.

The specificity of visual articulation of each installation in the series that forms a stage for the audio piece is that it is grounded in the local context or represents a visual metaphor of this particular society. The school board in Vladikavkaz, North Ossetia was direct reference to the 2004 terrorist action in the school in Beslan where almost 400 people among which 156 children were killed. In Serbia, marbles are the most popular children's game, but the circle is a metaphor for the society that is caught in the no way out situation of circling around without the possibilities to surpass the crises on all levels, cultural included, etc.

Furthermore, in Belgrade the artist used the amount of marbles that is equal to the number of children born in the same year in the same municipalities as the seven interviewed kids.

At the end of the project, a comprehensive catalogue will be published. It will include collection of the interviews from all versions of the series *Conversations: Hula Hoops, Elastics, Marbles and Sand,* as well as essays and drawings relevant to the project. Together with archive that will be based on material from the local newspapers, relevant historical and contemporary details that are visually or through texts reflecting the children's answers to the asked questions.

Concept:

The series of works *Conversations: Hula Hoops, Elastics, Marbles and Sand* uses children's narration as "litmus paper" to detect the way each society in question generates cultural differences, identifies the Other and different, and establishes the system of values based on it. By following the narration of children, we learn what does it mean to be member of local community or foreigner in each society, to be rich or poor, to speak different language, to be boy or girl. The children's answer point out at ideological, cultural and societal matrixes that were imposed on them in family, school or other educational institutions, through media, globally present society of consumption (of games, etc.) and the ways children relate to these issues. Through the world of school children between 6 and 10 years of age, in the period when they are not yet individualized, I am trying to observe the world of adults and the models of construction of socially coded and normatively "predetermined" identities for the children.

In the visual articulation of the sound installations, the accent is put on the tension in between the "naivety" of the children and the "seriousness" of the political context which is to be found in the background of each specific society where the work is being produced. At first glance visually seductive and colourful world of children's games unmasks and places at the central stage tensions and conflicts of the modern day global society. Although the number of children of 6 to 7 is not a representative sample for a proper sociological pole, their choice is based on the idea to represent different ethnic, religious, social or "class" groups in the society where the children are growing up, and their narration is very indicative for the problems of this particular country. The special accent is therefore made on the comparative analysis of the children's narrations in all of the countries where the work is produced. It is important to detect which are the terms that are qualitatively comprehended in the different way in each context. (I.E. in Russia all children new what terrorism means, and in Serbia and Azerbaijan they could barely pronounce the word).



Armenians 01 (RAIL, 8 years old, Azerbaijan)
/ from the series: Conversations: Hula Hoops, Elastics, Marbles and Sand (2017) carbon paper and colored pencils on canvas paper, 92 x 95 cm



Puzzle Cubes (2019)

Site-specific installation, six-channel sound, one-channel video, 20 cubes, MDF, print, 1:33:29 hours

The site specific, six channel sound installation *Puzzle Cubes* conceived for the exhibition *Conversations: Ljubljana* at Tobačna 001, The Museum and Galleries of Ljubljana, Ljubljana is one of the site-specific installations from the series *Conversations: Hula Hoops, Elastics, Marbles and Sand* (2013–present), produced in different parts of the world.

The installation is made in relation to the local site and accompanied with a sound piece emitted from 6 speakers (each speaker for the voice of one child); the children are narrating/answering questions about political issues such as social exclusion and inclusion, about foreigners, language, war, money, poverty.

This installation is made out of 20 puzzle cubes that put together make one of possible six images of beautiful landscapes. The artist exposespolitical landscapes framed by images of Slovenian natural treasures through which symptomatic details of an oppressive politics no longer remain hidden.

SLOVENIAN

VERSION





Puzzle Cubes Conversations: Ljubljana Tobačna 001-Museum and Galleries of Ljubljana, Ljubljana (2019) 2019

SLOVENIAN VERSION

Puzzle Cubes

/ from the series Conversations: Hula Hoops, Elastics, Marbles and Sand

curated by: Alenka Trebušak



Islam is maybe some kind of medicine against diseases, umm, otherwise I don't really know.



Americans are people, nation, they have their own culture like all other nations... but they abuse the fact that America is the greatest pow- ...one of the greatest powers in the world.

America has a lot of ra-...racists, um... and Americans are people like everyone else, some are good some bad, but um... somehow they love to fight and have control over everything, that I do not like them... as a country.



Conversations: Puzzle Cubes

Jelena Petrović

I think that we are, that most Slovenians are very humble, um, that we're nice, that we know how to take care of the environment, most of us do (Alina, 10 years old)

Growing up is political; we are conditioned ideologically and affectively by the social communities that surround us. Referring to this, Dejan Kaludjerović's art project *Conversations: Hula-Hoops, Elastics, Marbles and Sand* (2013–present) reminds us of the fact that childhood is not spared from political reality and political thought however much this period of life, often referred to as the age of innocence, may be devoid of social responsibility for the things that happen and will continue to happen in the future. The playground as the basic setting of the exhibition is presented as the place where innocence, ingenuity and imagination blur those safe zones within which the banality of evil vis-à-vis society, that is, vis-à-vis the other, is for the first time manifested in each individual childhood.

With this new edition of *Conversations: Puzzle Cubes* made in Slovenia, Kaludjerović exposes political landscapes framed by images of Slovenian natural treasures through which symptomatic details of an oppressive politics no longer remain hidden. Observing beautiful landscapes, which always been connected to Slovenian national pride and identity, there are visible and invisible borders shaped by local knowledge, media footages, EU economy, public speaking and political stages. Such visual narratives touch upon neuralgic points of Slovenian society and its divisions, whether material (marked by barbwire fences and corruption) or ideological (generated through hegemonic class, religion, gender and/or nationalist diversifications). Beautiful photo-prints of nature around Dragonja, Piran, Gorica, Črni Kal, Bled and Jesenice stuck to puzzle cubes "playfully" trigger political consciousness not only about the inhumane barbwire borders and unbearable human lives affected by them, but also about the fact that it is our glocal neoliberal world that produces the deeply entrenched state of permanent war and its perpetually conflicting identities.

Alongside these political landscapes, children's (stereo) typical black-and-white representations of this state of affairs paradoxically indicate the complex politics of hegemonic distribution of social, political and economic power. Remaining ethically untouchable and socially unbreakable these children's observations appear as normative or generally accepted commonplaces of patriarchy, capitalism and racism, not only in Slovenia, but also all over the world. What makes Kaludjerović's Conversations horrifying is not the series of these children's answers, containing variations of the absorbed social narratives in-between hegemonic and subaltern worlds, but rather the inability to imagine a possible future beyond such oppressive politics that have occupied landscapes that belong to all.













Political Landscapes (Črni Kal, Jesenice, Bled, Dragonja, Piran, Nova Gorica)



Conversations WMW (2017)

Site-specific installation, 18-channel sound, four-channel video, 2:56:15 hours

The installation *Conversations WMW* is composed out of visual elements of all already existing versions from the series *Conversations: Hula-hoops, Elastics, Marbles and Sand* (Russia, Serbia, Azerbaijan, Iran, Austria and Israel), together with specially made 18 channel sound installation with 4 channel video with the subtitles (German and English).

Before entering the room, the visitor is visually confronted with colorful wall made out of 32 Alphabet Cubes (Azerbaijani Version), not being able to see the space. Going behind the wall, one will find a big plane (55m2) covered with cardboard, that is carrying the circle with 30777 glass marbles (Serbian Version), while penetrating the enlarged (30m2) Sand Box (Iranian Version). One of the options to clime up to the platform is by walking on the ramp made out of the black school board with painted Hopscotch on it (Russian Version), supported by some of the sticks from the Mikado Spiel (Austrian Version). Another possibility is to step onto some of the leftover Alphabet Cubes spread around the platform.

The visitor is free to walk around, climb on the playground, sit at the frame of the Sand Box, observe and listen to the conversations of 18 selected children from 6 countries, which is presented as 18 channel sound installation synchronized with German and English subtitles, projected on 4 walls of the room.

Listening to the sound of the installation, the spectator has the impression that he/she is listening to a conversation between these 18 children coming from 6 different countries speaking Russian, Serbian, Azeri, Farsi, German, Hebrew and Arabic.

Some of the Concrete replicas of Shelters from the Israeli Version are used as supporters of the platform, as well as spread around the playground, in order to sit on them as well as on some of the Alphabet cubes and Mikado Spiel box.

In the visual articulation of the sound installations, the accent is put on the tension in between the "naivety" of the children and the "seriousness" of the political context, which is to be found in the background of each specific society where the work is being produced.

The audio part is made out of the recordings of interviews with children from the already produced versions from the series *Conversations* in these six respective countries.

CONVERSATIONS

 $\mathbb{W}\mathbb{W}$





2017

Conversations WMW/ from the series **Conversations: Hula Hoops, Elastics, Marbles and Sand**

curated by: Mandana Roozpeikar

Conversations WMW
Conversations
Weltmuseum Wien, Vienna
(2017-2018)







































Shelters (2016)

7 channel sound, video, 6 models for shelters made of concrete, 71 min, dimensions variable

The installation *Shelters* conceived for the exhibition *Conversations: Jerusalem* at Art Cube Artists' Studios, Jerusalem is one of the site-specific installations from the series *Conversations: Hula Hoops, Elastics, Marbles and Sand*, produced in different parts of the world.

This installation is made out of wooden sculptures that make up the installation look like small models of local bomb shelters. They can be played with, moved around and used to sit upon. The artist was interested in the way in which the outer features of a shelter function as a place for playing, while its inside provides a safe space during times of war.

ISRAJELI

VERSION





Shelters Conversations: Jerusalem Art Cube Artists' Studios, Jerusalem (2016)

2016

ISRAELI VERSION

Shelters

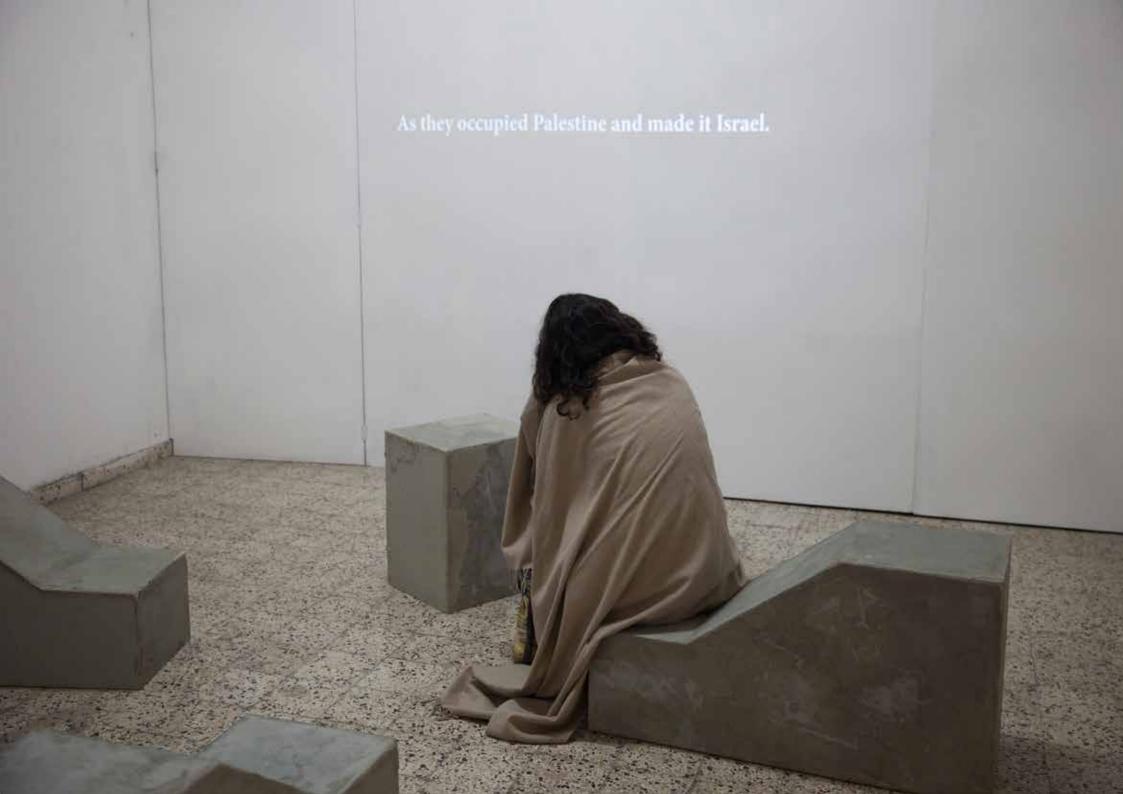
/ from the series Conversations: Hula Hoops, Elastics, Marbles and Sand

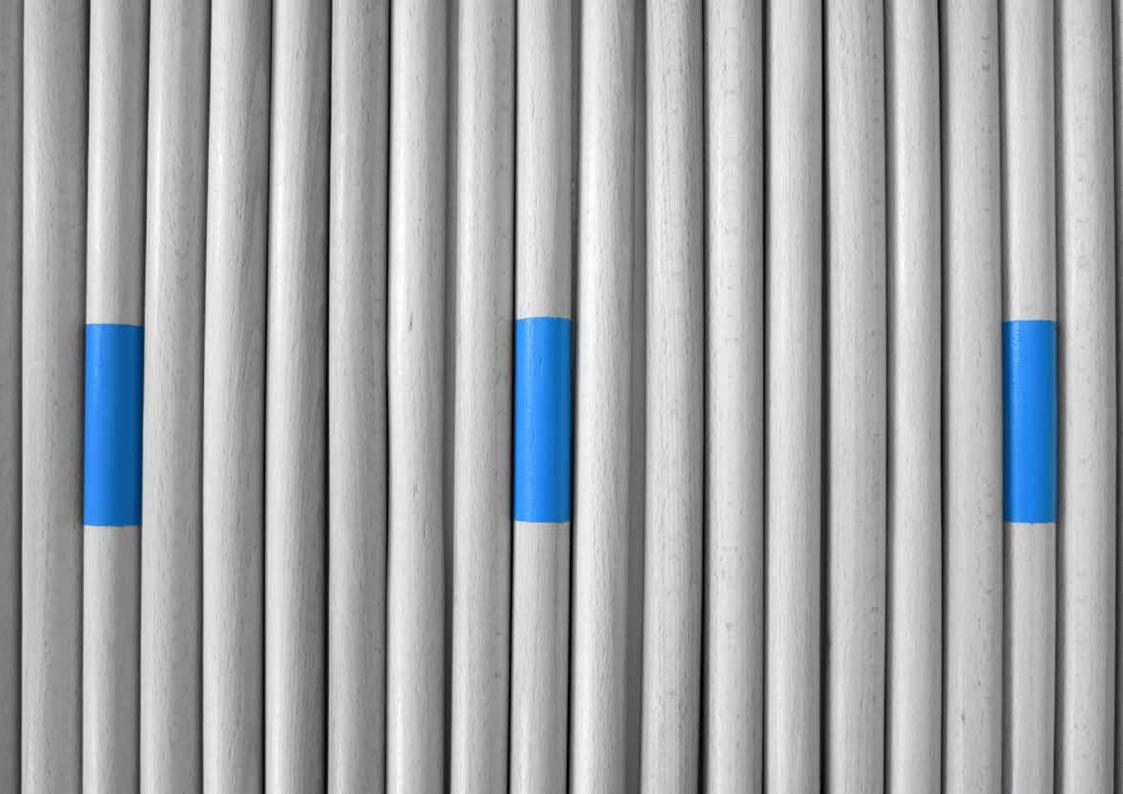
curated by: Maayan Sheleff

Politicians are... kind of nice. Because they're important.



Palestinians are people living in Palestine. But we don't have Palestine any more, here!





Mikado Spiel (2016) 6 channel sound, video, wooden box, 41 wooden sticks, acrylic, varnish, 92 min, loop, 174 x 38 x 22cm, ø2.7cm x 162cm	each
The installation <i>Mikado Spiel</i> conceived for the exhibition <i>Crises as Ideology?</i> at Kunstraum Niederoesterreich, Vienna is of the site-specific installations from the series <i>Conversations: Hula Hoops, Elastics, Marbles and Sand</i> , produced in different of the world.	
This installation is made out of wooden box painted with acrylic and filled with 41 wooden painted Mikado sticks. Lister the sound of the installation the spectator has the impression that he/she is listening to a conversation between these six of	_

dren.

AUSTRIAN VERSION





Mikado Spiel Crises as Ideology? Kunstraum Niederoesterreich, Vienna (2016)

2016

AUSTRIAN VERSION

Mikado Spiel / from the series Conversations: Hula Hoops, Elastics, Marbles and Sand

curated by: Anamarija Batista, Dejan Kaludjerović

Politics are for example... mhm... when... well, there are a lot of politicians for example in Austria there is the ÖBB or OFB or other... politicians.



installation view, exhibition Crisis as Ideology?, Kunstraum Niederoesterreich, Vienna, Austria (2016)

Politicians do.. speak into the microphone.. and I see them on television very often.



I...most of the time I know that we for example are in war with Americans or we are enemies with them. Then...er...

Sand Box (2015) 6 channel sound, video, MDF, acrylic, 1T of local sand, styrofoam, 50 min 27 sec, loop, dimensions variable The installation Sand Box conceived for the exhibition Conversations - Iran at Sazmanab, Tehran is one of the site-specific installations from the series Conversations: Hula Hoops, Elastics, Marbles and Sand, produced in different parts of the world. This installation is made out of wooden sand box painted with acrylic and filled with local Iranian sand. Listening to the sound of the installation the spectator has the impression that he/she is listening to a conversation between these six children.

IRANIAN VERSION



2015

IRANIAN VERSION

Sand Box

/ from the series Conversations: Hula Hoops, Elastics, Marbles and Sand



curated by: Sohrab Kashani

Sand Box Conversations - Iran Sazmanab - Centre for Contemporary Art, Tehran (2015)

I think it's not a restriction for women,
this is their duty. But I don't know why boys don't
wear it on their heads, girls wear them.



About Israelis I think...They are people who are...not grateful...so their country's land...is small...and their country is small...they like their country to become bigger...and to rob other countries. For example they want to get other countries.



installation view, exhibition Conversations - Iran at Sazmanab Center for Contemporary Art, Tehran, Iran (2014)



Alphabet Cubes (2014) 7 channel sound, video, 45 wooden cubes, acrylic, 72 min, loop, dimensions variable

The installation Alphabet Cubes conceived for the exhibition Conversations - Azerbaijan at YAY Gallery, Baku is one of the site-specific installations from a series Conversations: Hula Hoops, Elastics, Marbles and Sand, produced in different parts of the world.

This installation is made out of 45 wooden cubes painetd with different alphabets that are being used in Azerbaijan (Azeri, Russian, Lezgi). Listening to the sound of the installation the spectator has the impression that he/she is listening to a conversation between these seven children.

AZIERIBAIJANIAN VERSION



2014

AZERBAIJANIAN VERSION

Alphabet Cubes / from the series Conversations: Hula Hoops, Elastics, Marbles and Sand



curated by: Anastasia Blokhina and YARAT

Alphabet Cubes Conversations - Azerbaijan YAY Gallery, Baku (2014)

I want to become President, so that there would never be a President after me, and then I will become Queen and that's all. Then, it will go on like that. Well...then my daughter will become Queen and it will go on like this.



We can get our land with peace, but they don't give it back, Armenians don't give back our lands.





Klikeri/ Marbles (2014)

7 channel sound, video, 30777 glass marbles (ø15mm), cardboards, 46 min, loop, dimensions variable

The installation *Marbles* conceived for the exhibition *Invisible Violence* at Museum of Contemporary Art Belgrade is one of the

site-specific installations from a series *Conversations: Hula Hoops, Elastics, Marbles and Sand*, produced in different parts of the world.

This installation is produced with 30777 glass marbles, which are equal to the number of boys and girls born in the same years and the same towns as the seven interviewed children. These are 7 to 9 year olds, school children with different ethnic, social and cultural backgrounds. In the post- production of the recorded material, the questions asked are omitted and only the children's answers are edited to create a narrative. Listening to the sound of the installation the spectator has the impression that he/she is listening to a conversation between these seven children.

SERBIAN VERSION





Klikeri / Marbles Invisible Violence MOCAB, Belgrade (2014) Fiery greetings Lothringer Halle, Munich (2015) 2014

SERBIAN VERSION - KLIKERI

Mables

/ from the series Conversations: Hula Hoops, Elastics, Marbles and Sand

curated by: Zoran Erić, Blanca De La Torre and Seamus Kealy

Politics is some school craft which you have to go to school to learn, and you get a lot of money for that craft.



installation view, exhibition Invisible Violence at Museum of Contemporary Art Belgrade (2014)

We don't need foreigners, because maybe someone talked them into coming over here and killing us.



Klikeri/ Marbles (2014) installation view, exhibition Fiery greetings at Museum of Yugoslav History, Belgrade



Klassiki/ Hopscotch (2013)

6 channel sound, Ready-made school blackboard, acrylic paint, 31 min, loop, 202 x 145 cm

The work *Klassiki/ Hopscotch* has been conceived for the 7th International Contemporary Art Exhibition in Vladikavkaz, is the installation which is painted on an old school blackboard and placed on the floor. It is accompanied by a sound piece coming out of 6 speakers where children from Vladikavkaz - in their own words - are narrating / answering questions about political issues of social exclusion and inclusion, about foreigners, language, war, money, poverty, (what it is war, what it means to be a foreigner, what it means to be a rich or poor, what it means to speak a different language, what it means to be a boy or a girl?).

RUSSIAN





Klassiki / Hopscotch 7th International Contemporary Art Exhibition Vladikafkaz, North Osetia, Russia (2013)

6th Moscow Buennale - Special Project Alanica. The Experimental Method (2015)

2013

RUSSIAN VERSION - KLASSIKI

Hopscotch / from the series Conversations: Hula Hoops, Elastics, Marbles and Sand

curated by: Beral Madra

I want to live alone, to have everything beautiful, maids, whatever I tell her she does... for me to be queen...I'll sit on a chair and tell the maid that she does what I tell her... A beautiful house I will have. The house will be golden... I am a queen, I can protect everything...



Americans 01 (AMIL, 8 years old, Azerbaijan)
/ from the series: Conversations: Hula Hoops, Elastics, Marbles and Sand (2016) carbon paper, acryl, graphite and colored pencils on paper, 54,5 x 76 cm

1st of May 1977



1st of May 1977 (2014)

29 slide carousel projection with sound (13'20" EN, 15' 48" DE)

The work 1st of May 1977 is a deconstruction of an 8mm family film in which a small act of violence is isolated and played out while its cause remains concealed.

Split into two separate locations, the work is comprised of a sound piece in one space which is based on interviews with members from the two families who witnessed and directly participated in the act of violence and a slide projection made from the 8mm film in the other.

Considering the event occurred in 1977, it now exists as a distant memory for each person interviewed and the

differences and discrepancies in their accounts attesting to the subjective nature of memory and perception.

Originally captured in a single moment, the act of the boy throwing a rock at the girl's head becomes 29 slides which are then looped into a four minute sequence. By creating stills from the 8mm family film and representing only a brief instance from the day it occurred, the slide projection isolates and prolongs the act of violence.

By separating the testimonials of the witnesses and participants (sound) with the "evidence" of the act of violence (slides), the visitor engages in the act of becoming a witness themselves by carrying the contents of one space mentally to the other or at least a thin remembrance of it. Because the two spaces are approximately identical in character and the distance between them is just long enough to begin the process of forgetting, the absence of the images and presence of sound in one space and the absence of the sound and presence of the images in the other space creates a parallel scenario to the act which is itself in question.



installation view, 1st of May 1977 (space 2) exhibition Disappearing Things - 55th October Salon, Belgrade (2014)









excerpt from sound installation

The Girl's Sister Remembers:

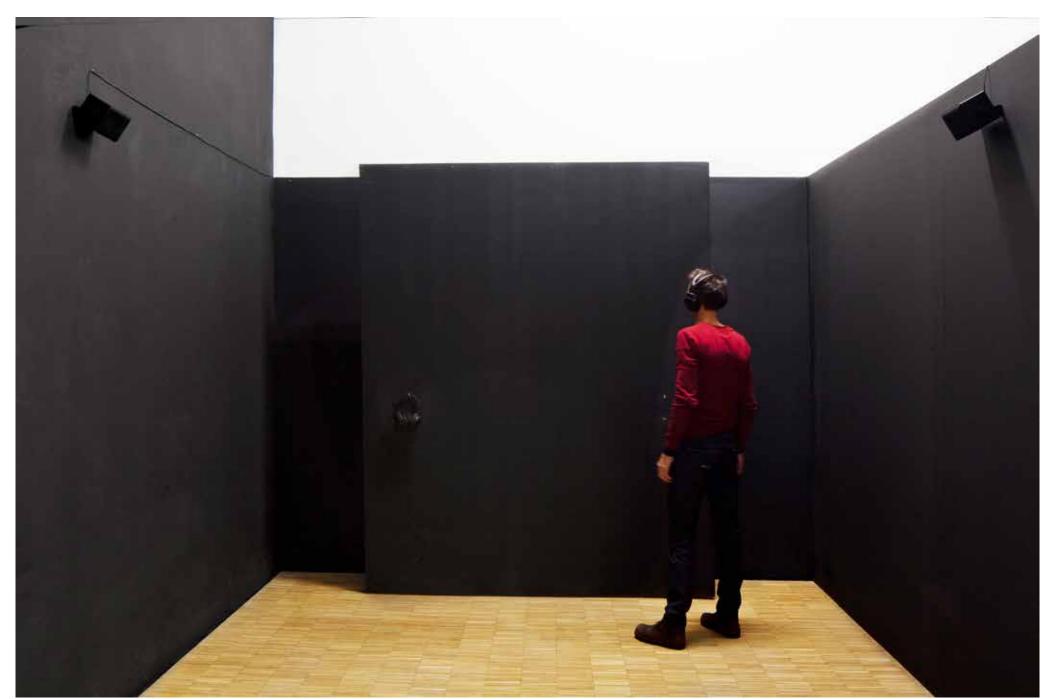
The girl's sister doesn't remember anymore. She doesn't remember who was there. She says there were eight of them, although, she doesn't remember if their grandmother was also there. She can't recall it, but says she thinks she was, since their grandmother used to go everywhere together with them. What she knows for sure is that four of the children were with their parents. But she is really not able to invoke it at the moment, either in her memory or visually. She remembers the event itself, that she and her family had a picnic and that it was okay; they were playing, running and jumping around. She says that the only thing that comes to mind is that the boy and the girl were teasing each other and fighting. She says she doesn't know anymore what else the boy and the girl were doing, or if she was near them. The only thing she remembers is the moment when the boy screamed. She remembers that everyone started shouting and running towards the boy. She didn't see what was going on, and can't remember if a stone or something flew towards the boy. She doesn't remember if she actually saw it or if it's what she was told by others. She doesn't remember when it was or how old they were. She remembers it was unpleasant and that's all. As far as she remembers the story was that the girl hit the boy and that the girl had probably picked up a stone from somewhere, the grass maybe.

She thinks the family was on a grassy hill and doesn't remember how the stone had gotten there. She says she remembers the story that the family told her better than what she experienced. She says she is 44 years old now and thinks that it wasn't winter time, the weather was nicer and it was spring or summer. She doesn't know what year it was, whether it was 1979, 1975, or 1976 but that it wasn't 1980.

excerpt from sound installation

The Boy's Brother Remembers:

There was the boy and girl's grandmother. There was the girl's father, mother, sister and the girl herself. There was the boy's mother, father, the boy's brother and the boy himself. The boy's brother remembers that they parked on the mountain Divčibare and that he and the girl's sister played with a ball. He thinks shortly and says he can- not actually remember anything except what he had seen in the film after the fact. He says the boy and his mother, their grandmother as well as the girl's mother and father were chatting. He and the girl's sister were playing with a ball, while the boy and the girl were hopping around, running, jumping, and pushing each other. And then, he says the girl pushed the boy from be-hind. The boy fell down and the girl ran away. The boy then grabbed a stone and threw it at her head. Then nothing, the camera fell in the grass. He can't really remember how long it lasted but thinks about half a minute, not longer. He doesn't remember what happened after. He says he might remember more if he hadn't seen the film twenty times.



installation view, 1st of May 1977 (space 1), exhibition Invisible Violence, Salzburger Kunstverein, Salzburg (2015)

The Happy Prince

The Happy Prince - Plovdiv (2015)

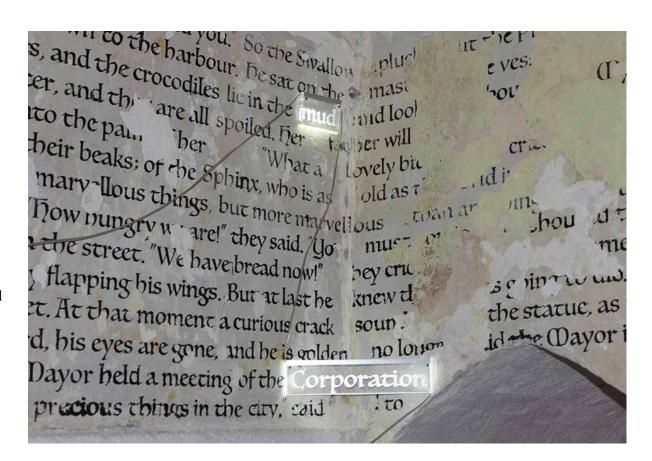
stencils with Oscar Wilde's fairy-tale *Happy Prince*, acrylic, 6 acrylic sheets light boxes, dimensions variable

The Happy Prince - Plovdiv is being created especially for the Center for Contemporary Art in Plovdiv and it uses creatively the ancient bath's authentic architecture.

In his installation Dejan Kaludjerovic tells Oscar Wilde's fairy tale "The Happy Prince". All the 3478 words of the text have been written on the uneven walls in an old fashioned, historical font.

The viewer perceives the artwork as an integral part of the ancient architecture – as if it had been there since ages. But on the background a few, brightly shining, key words from the text stand out – "selfishness", "mud", "fear", "power", "rich", "corporation".

Thus the artist makes a complex and critical comment on the contemporary social and economical reality, in which all of us live. It is a fairy-tale, which tells the story of the unjust realities of the society in the 19th century, related to the not more just realities of the 21st century.





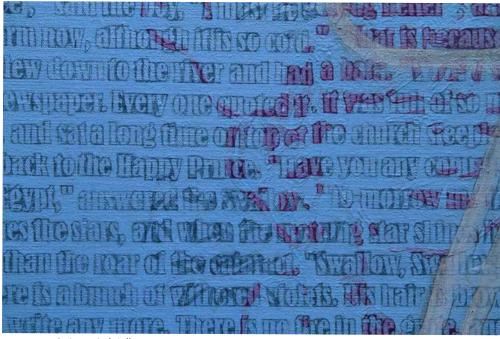
installation view, exhibition Mature and Angry, Center for Contemporary Art - Plovdiv - Ancient Bath (2015)

The Happy Prince (2012)

Oscar Wilde's fairy-tale The Happy Prince inspired the artist's latest painting entitled 3478 Words. Over a period of one year, Kaludjerović has painstakingly outlined every sentence from the fairy-tale over an existing painting on canvas entitled Blue girls (2005). The new piece is a multi-layered work in which the red tones from the previous painting can be faintly seen through the letters of the fairy-tale, while an airy image of a hybrid playground motif covers the final layer of the painting.

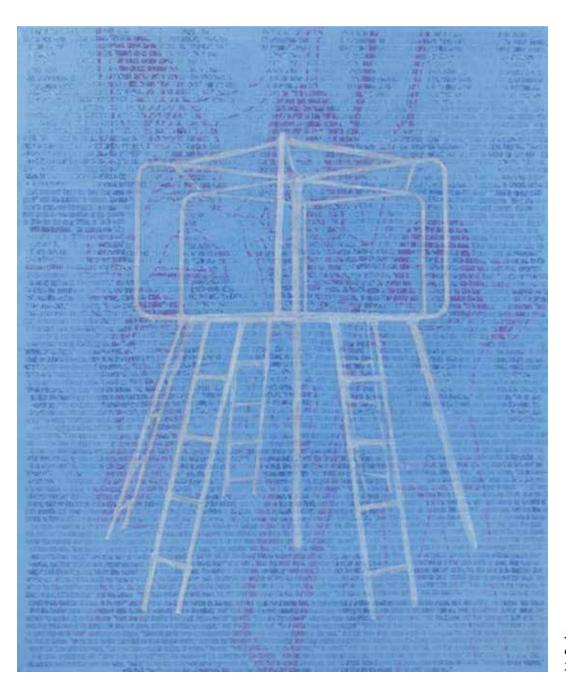
How does one quantify the arduous gesture of painting three thousand four hundred seventy eight words over approximately three hundred sixty five days in an era in which time is becoming a luxury and almost every realm of our lives is commercialized? Through the use of one of his old paintings the artist has consciously decided to literally recycle himself. Through an anti-consumerist gesture, a previous canvas is used in order to create something new. Kaludjerović unifies the various avenues that are present in his opus in one single piece, probably the most complex painting to date. The faint depiction of adolescent girls prompts the viewer to reveal the imposed inhibitions and control systems that are present in our paranoid and politically correct societies. The decision to use The Happy Prince is not coincidental; it is used as a metaphor for ideals that are disappearing from our society: friendship for friendship's sake, kindness with no expectations and non-premeditated affection.

from the text "Repetitio Est Mater Studiorum Repetition is the mother of learning" by Boško Bošković



Blue Girls (2005) / repainted into *3478 Words*/ Happy Price series (2012)

3478 words (2012) detail



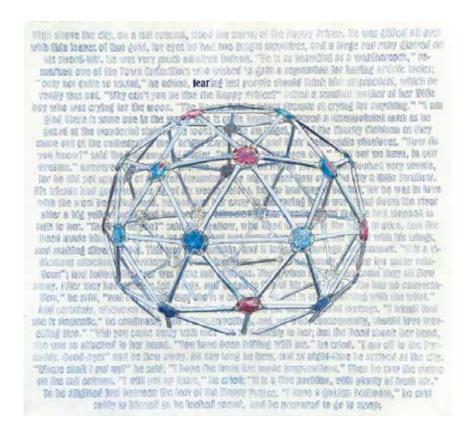
3478 words (2012) carbon paper, acrylic and graphite on canvas 220 x 180 cm



Indigo (Power) (2012) Used carbon paper, 50 x 50 cm

In contrast to 3478 Words where the entire fairy-tale is written on a single canvas, Kaludjerović divides the story into six equal parts and transfers them onto six drawings. Transferred to paper with graphite, he superimposes childhood signifiers, such as swings, ladders and merry-go-rounds that are rendered in acrylic and colour pencils. Once again he utilizes the carbon paper technique, transferring each letter onto paper, however this time he opts to fully bold a single word from the fairy-tale on each drawing. He chose the following words: fear, power, selfishness, rich, corporation, etc. In addition he created a drawing entirely from used carbon paper that belongs to the part of the story that holds the word power. At first glance everything seems carefree, however upon closer inspection one notices that parts of the seesaw are shaped as a canon and that certain structures resemble cages and torture devices.

Through these works Dejan Kaludjerović poses an open ended question on the belief system that we face at the beginning of the second decade of the 21st century. He comments on the powerless position of the individual within the larger social frame and the imposed ways of being, which seems to be naturalized throughout the world. The artist doubts our liberal democratic model of living that is driven by large multinational corporations and in which a small minority make decisions for the vast majority. The selfishness and greed of the rich produces a small and closed circle of people with power. The global Occupy phenomenon that we have been witnessing lately shows how a minute proportion of people do not want to change the current financial system that clearly does not benefit the majority of the population. The most common way of manipulating the masses is through fear and this is becoming a modus operandi with the goal of slowly banning the freedom of expression. The word mud appears on one of the drawings acting as a symbol of collapse; however this also represents hope since we are able to generate new realms from mud – in the same way as the Great Mother Goddess from the Mesopotamian Epic of Gilgamesh created Enkidu, the wild natural man, out of clay and water.



THE JUST AS BUT THE SHEETING THE TOTAL INDICE THE STRUCK A LARGE VILLE OF TAKEN IN THE WAR MAN, THE WAR A COST and things" by crioti; "there is not a single closed by its rior, the stars are quite close and profits and yet it in coining. The elements in the armit of Errore is region decembed. The need when within The fille, but that was marrely her sellishness. "Then profess areas em. "When is the est of a sinker If it consume knows that notice only the o taka valomety-pos," Hert he deletataten to the array, that below he had t Add to bed filled in poor Time eyes may, and least trace moreing Heren has golden cheeds. His filled with play. "Was are you eshed the Schillery Type had anguered the stame, "I of Whitever sentrem as each attento case a very way way, but I meres cured in ast, which enting the confidence of the a, so i feret, anglue i stera-HART THE BANK I AM READ A 190 making of my city, and gib neer Na M 7011 G 101 30Hd gunty" 50H HAVE "THE EMPER," OF poor house due of toca to little most se siross, lico is o HISPORT-OF-BOSTORS Pytrad Dt., Do list 15 EN CC , 10 MG STREAM-DIEZZ B ro fine Pille, and fo NAME IN COLUMN price group falls, may his largers and line uniquenced horses." "Devillarer, pillant, thing "statillant, to talk it, see he my takeprovidery, this creation, " call the Prince, "1986 you and alsy will not be surpley? The pay is an district, and the account se

Fear (2012) carbon paper, acryl, graphite and colored pencils on paper, 50 x 50 cm

Selfishness (2012) carbon paper, acryl, graphite and colored pencils on paper, 50 x 50 cm

"Tour than the boys," around the france. "Interpreted that france, when I we saying to be over, Made there has more light, the indicate seen, this made almost illustrial places at the linky better The property are resolvened by the loss recall for their man herborn, I come at a family transporter nd agailer, loss sell, il wor a mark of altrempth." You see Traver Prince borner as not done lies 2008 Considery than carry. "In its yeary could be seen," He said, "found I will say serial year just one sight, about he your meaninger." "Think you, this Profess," sold the Arbica, to the Synton picked out the great may from the Echoe's pearly, and flaw every min hi to his beak over the roads of the work. To proceed by the exchanged kerner, where the entitle process makes peers temperall, the process by the pullace and beard the second of stracing, a peacotted girl came on on the belicany with her lover. "How exputering the start are," he take to her, "and how examinated in the power of tarted" doll's my dress will be reastly in line for the Amis-bull," she appropried: "I have precised paradon-Devices to be embrodisced on the the party genes are so hery." He hassed over the river, and good action," said the page he lie was inecoled over the invivide. "A prosition to extenden" and the event in load tenter above. Agent netrophies. Treat one property, it was bell of so many versis has they could not enteresting. "To obtain I do to mark, and sat a long time on top of the church decade. The event he went the four over of trapes. and said is each other, "What a delineatible printer of he espoyed himself sery direct. When the proper root he they had to the dumpy Petade. "Three you may committeen for highly" he extent "I am feet election." "feethor, Continue, little feethor," teká the Prince, "orth you ded play orbit and near neighbor hanger?" "I am not had for he beyon," amorement the transfer.

The parties to a remain of the parties are some of the rest. In this cases the fact which is the fact of Evidences, and we is given growing farmer stir the Cold Demonstr. All algo being the ventiles the first, while treven like marrained sharp strings his relies out any of jury, spell these has it release. All populative publishes These cause districts to the relater's edge to defait. They appeared the group heryle, and their turn in femilier than the star of the galactet. "Versitery, territory, thille bendlery," sale the Pelance, "lien army acres: the oby I use a young man in a parect, he is because over a deal covered with nevert, and to a introder by life side libere is a house of reflicered visions. Elle pair is stores and crise, conlide tilga avo rod es a numegranada, mel Le cas hargo tind meanny ayes. He is inylog to Haisili for the integer of the Thephy, was so to too cost to refer our more. There is no the total costs, CO)UES Monroe, Birt CHARLES AND A HIE OF THE CTOH YIARD TO EDE BUTpost se time water will seem the mane, its lighted fine that is strong as the global productions, and the discoulage the last med and least limity about thesis. My conjugated are implified a less in the Temple of Laurines. and the page and trade super one matching them, and couldn't present when before, and haven your, had I write power larged your, much next spiring I write being you had two beautiful to yell he places of shoots you have given away, he . The tray than he resear than a

Power (2012) carbon paper, acryl, graphite and colored pencils on paper, 50 x 50 cm

 $\it Mud$ (2012) carbon paper, acryl, graphite and colored pencils on paper, 50 x 50 cm

Les eurs, pour les montés unes les autres qu'ent par," "la die comus hoise," sels de This pay Extrace, "Minore showing in Williams strips with, the little has hear matheties with the district, their there and all spellost, they helder will licent her is the gives and living home source mount, and size is cryang Who has no choos as electrics, spo her divise been to have. Finch on any other ope, son give it in her, and her deter will not be a sec." "I will say with you one of Su Louise," said its Dealbot, "had a council alack and your ear. That would be gold it had then," "Dorellow, becalled, this boulhow," sain the inface. This is I committed both," to be placed one the Prince's other me, and invited days. 1974 b. To personel from the series of the street the forcet has the matter of lice. lional, "Other a largery lot on stone," order the little gart, contains the mane, largering. Then the large NOT COME BOOK IN THE PRINCE. "Then the Whol Laws." Bu uple, "To Excell play will you started." "Fo. critic ties desilities, until tie cleas. The Prince's Lee'C VIII this note: \$25 \$6,000 donitie bythem's ployables AT BUT YOUR STREET, moved by the fire fire of contract and contract The Party of the P total of the 17,00%, two to an intent to about, an investigate time e critical of the These are temperated by the new participation and the same of the unising marry to their behilded houses, withe the Research of renewald in the yoley. to here and dark inuce, and one the write trees of starting different leading and following as the hinck proofs, theigh the archivery of a bridge from think maps arms bring to one condition's arms to be and been dissidely by the "first limity to each" they safe "for over not to here," suggest the Profession, and they employed and had the rate. They be if on linear and lead the Pytace what he and note. "I still covered with fine gold," sold the "Prince, "you little that, ben't y lett, and give it to my poor; the living abough titled that gold day to the floor length. These after text of the the good the Statistics picked off, the life farming france footen onlike shill and good feel about here of the the gold be knowed to the poor, and the softenest poor give notes, and they brought and alread games in the shoot. "He have brook now?" they saled.



$\it Rich$ (2012) carbon paper, acryl, graphite and colored pencils on paper, 50 x 50 cm

Corporation (2012)

carbon paper, acryl, graphite and colored pencils on paper, $50 \times 50 \text{ cm}$

Tin Man



Tin Man (2013)
Cardboard boxes, inkjet prints
318 x 282,5 x 93 cm
includes Keine Angst vor kleinen Tieren Video, 1'20", looped (2004)

installation view, exhibition Invisible Violence, Artium Museum, Vitoria, Spain (2014)



installation view, exhibition *Invisible Violence*, Artium Museum, Vitoria, Spain (2014)



installation view, exhibition What Did Tomorrow Bring Us? Gellery Van De Weghe, Antwerp (2013)

"For his first solo exhibition in Belgium, Kaludjerović has produced an installation that immerses an image of L. Frank Baum's, Tin Man, from the Wonderful Wizard of Oz (1900), with a children's swing. In the manner of his previous projects, this piece too reflects the artist's inquiry into (in)stability, that is, the truth of representational forms. This installation with two arm-like beams, bearing a swing on one, and a video on the other, has the head of the frightening, although smiling, face of the Baum's character. Initially associated with the carefree childhood (interpreted by way of the swing), this installation, upon secondary reading, evokes the sensation of the lack of self-confidence and instability, typical for all the characters of this novel - for Scarecrow and Cowardly Lion as much as for Tin Man himself. This feeling is confirmed in the video Keine Angst vor kleinen Tieren (No Fear from Small Animals) from 2004, which is projected on a hanging panel and establishes a(n) (in)balance with the empty swing on the opposite side of the beam.

In the video, almost in stillness, three kids are restaging the scene on a poster-advertisement for children's garments, visible behind them. The poster bears the same title Keine Angst vor kleinen Tieren originally published in the

German fashion magazine Burda, at the beginning of the 1980s. On this poster, three kids are dressed up in rabbit, cat and dog pattern rompers. A boy and a girl are standing, and the boy is pushing a carrot into the mouth of a second girl who is sitting between them. This scene, once accepted as an appropriate image of commodity, restaged in a contemporary context, reveals explicit sexual allusions. Keine Angst vor kleinen Tieren emphasizes the instability of representational forms, by setting free a potential truth hidden under cultural artefacts, thereby revealing politics and economic forces that had once established a social order. In other words, it shows how art participates in representation's "submission of subjectivity" under modern structures of power (Foucault, 1998). In this regard, it is possible for us to conceive that power lies in the constructed symbolic order of the dominant ideologies, rather than in the representational form itself... [The] empty swing, hanging opposite the video, may suggest a signified place which appears as "the locus of power" that, according to Lefort, remains an empty space only to be temporarily occupied, in order to challenge and dislocate a dominant order symbolized here, by the video projected on the other side of the beam." One question arises here: what is this empty place to be filed with?



Keine Angst vor kleinen Tieren (2004) Video, 1'20", looped

Children's Playgrounds

Children's Playgrounds - The Monuments of a Void Childhood (2010) With his newest body of work Kaludjerović investigates childhood signifiers, such as playgrounds, electric cars and swings leaving the protagonists out of the picture, quite literally. Instead of having the children climb up the ladders, cross over playground bridges or sweep down slides, Kaludjerović leaves an empty and hollow field, making the viewer feel slightly perturbed. The two bridges represented in the drawings Blue reach into infinity, yet we do not know where they are heading. The bridges could potentially represent them (children) and us (adults) - hopefully meeting somewhere in the middle and finding a common fruitful ground of exchange. In a more abstract manner Kaludjerović continues to point out our responsibility in shaping the next generation and perpetually questions the truthfulness of our acts vis a vis the youngest ones. from the text "Where Have All the Children Gone?" by Boško Bošković Kaludjerović' first ready-made sculpture from this series is an electric car, a quintessential object of engagement in amusement parks for boys and girls growing up in the 70's and early 80's. Kaludjerović adds an extra layer to this piece that is not readily visible to the audience. Parts of the car's interior, the parts surrounding the engine, are hand painted with Kaludjerović's favourite childhood cartoon character. With this symbolic gesture the artist hints as to how we memorize certain aspects of our childhood and our ability to store, retain and recall information from the past. He brings his beloved childhood recollections into a space of art and tries to decipher their meaning today.



Untitled (The Car) (2010) ready-made, akril / ready-made, acrylic, 50 x 110 x 55 cm



Another important object from Kaludjerović's past is the swing, as one was located in front of the artist's apartment building when he was a child. For his solo exhibition in 2010 at the Steinek gallery in Vienna, he engaged his father to dismantle a swing from a public sphere, and recreate a new habitat for it in the gallery. His father appro- priated something from a public area and used it to recreate the artist's private memory, thus Kaludjerović turns the object into an artefact in a gallery space. In return the artist found another swing which he carefully hand painted with the same cartoon character as he used in the interior of the ready-made car object. He then positioned the swing in the same public space where the old one once stood. Now the hidden character from the car sculpture becomes accessible to everyone since it resides in the public domain. Kaludjerović took a photo- graph of the newly painted swing, and then he displayed it alongside the one from his childhood that his father secured for the gallery space.

Untitled (The Swing) (2012) framed photo



Je Suis Malade







That love is killing me and if things keep going



frame from video Je Suis Malade/ Slovenian Version feat. Neja (2008) coproduced with Ganes Pratt Gallery, Ljubljana

Je Suis Malade (2008 - ongoing)

In the video work "Je Suis Malade" (2008) a 10 year-old long-haired blond girl is reinterpreting the French chanson "Je Suis Malade", originally sung by the Egyptian-born French singer Dalida. The video is filmed in such a way, that the performer is standing peacefully in an unidentifiable dark space so that only she is visible. The content of the song the girl is singing in a language she do not understand, has a theme that is inappropriate for her age. In fact, the text is speaking about a woman in great pain due to her unrequited love. Formally the video is made in one single shot and loop-projected. The song's lyrics, which highlight love sickness and paralysis it ensues, contrast with the child's performance, which amounts to an instrumentalisation of the quintessence of youthful innocence for purposes of visual consumption. Indeed, this blonde girl becomes herself the generic child attempting to convey to us a product in a language and experiences foreign to her. This is in and by itself a subtle illustration of the pathology (malady) of our globalize consumerist society.



frame from video *Je Suis Malade/ Australian Version feat. Maggie* (2011) coproduced with Hobart Art University, Tasmania and bm:UKK



frame from video *Je Suis Malade/ Australian Version feat. Kip* (2011) coproduced with Hobart Art University, Tasmania and bm:UKK



frame from video Je Suis Malade/ Ukranian Version feat. Tanja (2011)



installation view, Je suis malade / 3 channel video installation, exhibition Donetsk goes contemporary, Donetsk, Ukraine (2011)

The three channel part video installation Je Suis Malade (triptych) portrays three young children, filmed in different parts of the world.(Slovenian Version and two Australian versions/ Kip and Maggie). The protagonists are immersed in the lyrics, yet have no direct relationship to the experiences (original song performed by French singer Dalida) since they are not able to conceive the concepts of the song or the language. The performance becomes a vehicle to reveal the current mechanisms of the western liberal world where children can easily become mere consumers from the earliest age and that they are not even aware of it.



installation view, exhibition What Did Tomorrow Bring Us? Gellery Van De Weghe, Antwerp (2013)

Je Suis Malade Australian Version – feat. Kip Audio/Video installation (2011-2013)



The interactive version with custom made "stand alone video unit/ player" with additional made headphones with sensors. By using this unit the work is placed on a new level of reading, where the spectator is the only one that is directly enabling when would the child in the video start to sing the song directly and only to him/ her.

I Am Sick

I can't dream no more, I can't smoke no more I don't even have a personal history no more I am dirty without you, I am ugly without you I am like an orphan in a dormitory

I don't feel like living my life no more My life stops when you leave I don't have a life no more and even my bed Turns into a platform on a train station When you leave

I am sick completely sick Just like my mother when she used to go out at night Leaving me alone in my despair

I am sick, perfectly sick You arrive - one never knows when You leave again - one never knows where to And it's been nearly two years Since you last gave a damn

Like on a boulder, like on a sin I am hooked on you I am tired, I am exhausted Of pretending to be happy when they are here

I drink all nights but all the whiskies taste the same to me And all the boats exhibit your flag I don't know where to go anymore, you are everywhere

I am sick, completely sick I pour my blood into your body And I am like a dead bird when you are asleep

I am sick, completely sick You have deprived me of all my songs You have emptied me of all my words Though I was talented prior to your skin

That love is killing me and if things keep going I'll die all alone with myself Near my radio like an idiotic kid Listening to my own voice that will sing

I am sick, completely sick Just like my mother when she used to go out at night Leaving me alone in my despair

I am sick, that's it, I am sick You deprived me of all my songs You emptied me of all my words And I have a sick heart Surrounded my barricades, can you hear me? I am sick!



installation view, Je suis malade – Slovenian Version, Gallery Steinek Vienna (2010)





frame from video *Je Suis Malade feat. Si Tompel/* Indonesian Version (2017) The puppet is produced in collaboration with Iwan Effendi

Are You Ready for a Ride?

Are You Ready for a Ride? (2006)



installation view, exhibition Crossroads: Between Intimacy And Spectacle @ KCB Belgrade/ Jan-Feb (2012) (with Harun Farocki and Ulla von Brandenburg



frame from the video Are You Ready for a Ride? (Beckett Version) (2006)



Are You Ready for a Ride?

In video installation *Are You Ready for a Ride?* from the series *Can I change my career for a little fun?* I combine video of a Boy sitting on a wood, based from the the image / visual sample taken from contemporary fashion magazine Vogue Bambini, and on the other hand, seqence from the very violent cartoon "Happy Tree Friends" (taken from the internet). In this series of works my intention is to confront two unreal entities:

The first one, which represents the desired picture of the expectations of the adults / the society, and through which the child's right to be what he or she is (impulsive, unpredictable, free), is taken away from him / her. This first entity is than inserted into the scenography of the second / other entity – the one of the cartoon.

My intention is to make one think through the process of increased awareness of the existence of the devious development of the collective consciousness and the patterns of behaviour, which in the present time, more than ever, intensified through violence, confrontation, war.

The phenomenon of violence and fear also interests me as well as the relation of the society towards these categories ... what is particularly interesting and horrific at the same time is that violence and fear became a need and a form of entertainment.

This installation is made of two versions of this video presented on 10 TV screens. One TV screen is playing looped video with the violence happening while other 9 TV screens are showing looped video version (Beckett version) where "nothing" is happening, where the violence is not present.

frame from the video Are You Ready for a Ride? (2006)

What Did Tomorrow Bring Us?

What Did Tomorrow Bring Us?

What Did Tomorrow Bring Us? shows the artist's parents, photographed in the 1970's, on a bridge, most likely taken during the time of popular journeys to the innumerous sites of natural beauty of Yugoslavia. It actually consists of two pictures put together showing exactly the same place - on the left is a picture of the artist's mother taken by his father, who is to be seen on the right side, photographed by the artist's mother. However, the subject of this photo-montage moves beyond a quest for the artist's origin, or remnants of a past that influenced construction of his/our symbolic identity and sociability. It makes us question those forces that lead to a break up of an idea; that is, a displacement of a specific social order. In this particular case, we are witnessing an instability of a social order once associated with the model of, or at least an attempt of, a unity constituted on the basis of a language, and religious division in former Yugoslavia.





installation view, *What Did Tomorrow Bring Us?* Poster, vinyl print, sound, 63' 546,5 cm x 373,0 cm, YAY Gallery, Baku (2014)



What Did Tomorrow Bring Us?
Poster, A4 inkjet print (2013)
67.6 x 48 cm
Edition 300

installation view, exhibition What Did Tomorrow Bring Us? Gellery Van De Weghe, Antwerp (2013)



What did tomorrow bring us?

EUROPOLY - The European Union Identity Trading Game



Europoly (2004) is an ongoing project, which has so far been realized in the form of an installations and a portable game version. Europoly is informed by my personal experience of immigration. At first impression, Europoly may seem simple and playful - a game that is intended to take the player through the complicated, problematic and rough world of the immigrant, a game that explores the challenges immigrants face in everyday life. One of my main strategies in choosing this topic and the method of engagement is informed by the fact that most people exist in their own worlds and systems and do not pay much attention to the issues and challenges faced by others - I feel this situation can breed prejudice and animosity. On the other hand, the administration itself does not care about individuals and their personal stories. They want to protect their system, their values and capital, which is understandable but in order to start any kind of process for improving these issues, we must first begin by exploring and uncovering them. Europoly is an attempt to bring attention to the lives, experiences and personal stories of others, especially immigrants in European Union.

Europoly radically transforms the widely familiar game of MONOPOLY – Monopoly means to have power over something or someone – into a Kafkaesque world of complex rules/laws, which today's European Union offers to all 'players' as the only possibility, the only reality. The EU defines European identity as something that is provided only within the Union and only to EU citizens, even though Europe does not end at the borders of the Union. However, the EU does have the power to define identity, to set up the rules of a game others have to join. The project offers several layers of reading and understanding. Beyond the declared aim of the game, the deeper aim is to encourage reflection among the human condition in the EU, due to the enlargement of borders and many contradictions existing within rules and matters of fact. It is my intention to make the invisible people among us (immigrants) more visible, involving their personal stories and histories into the game. Europoly encourages us to ask questions about opportunities offered by entering the EU and reflect on the struggle faced by many in responding to certain requirements imposed by EU laws, The project doesn't intend to provide any answers or judgments, rather it aims to remind us that behind systems of laws there are people living out their everyday lives.







workshop with the Erste Stiftung's partners



installation view





www.europoly.org